Senate Engrossed House Bill

## FILED JANICE K. BREWER SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

CHAPTER 208

## **HOUSE BILL 2747**

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 15-185, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 15-1326, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 15, CHAPTER 11, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 15-1326; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-763.01 AND 41-771, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE ARIZONA STATE SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND BLIND.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 15-185, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

## 15-185. <u>Charter schools: financing: civil penalty:</u> transportation; definitions

- A. Financial provisions for a charter school that is sponsored by a school district governing board are as follows:
- 1. The charter school shall be included in the district's budget and financial assistance calculations pursuant to paragraph 3 of this subsection and chapter 9 of this title, except for chapter 9, article 4 of this title. The charter of the charter school shall include a description of the methods of funding the charter school by the school district. The school district shall send a copy of the charter and application, including a description of how the school district plans to fund the school, to the state board of education before the start of the first fiscal year of operation of the charter school. The charter or application shall include an estimate of the student count for the charter school for its first fiscal year of operation. This estimate shall be computed pursuant to the requirements of paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 2. A school district is not financially responsible for any charter school that is sponsored by the state board of education or the state board for charter schools.
  - 3. A school district that sponsors a charter school may:
- (a) Increase its student count as provided in subsection B, paragraph 2 of this section during the first year of the charter school's operation to include those charter school pupils who were not previously enrolled in the school district. A charter school sponsored by a school district governing board is eligible for the assistance prescribed in subsection B, paragraph 4 of this section. The soft capital allocation as provided in section 15-962 for the school district sponsoring the charter school shall be increased by the amount of the additional assistance. The school district shall include the full amount of the additional assistance in the funding provided to the charter school.
- (b) Compute separate weighted student counts pursuant to section 15-943, paragraph 2, subdivision (a) for its noncharter school versus charter school pupils in order to maintain eligibility for small school district support level weights authorized in section 15-943, paragraph 1 for its noncharter school pupils only. The portion of a district's student count that is attributable to charter school pupils is not eligible for small school district support level weights.
- 4. If a school district uses the provisions of paragraph 3 of this subsection, the school district is not eligible to include those pupils in its student count for the purposes of computing an increase in its revenue control limit and district support level as provided in section 15-948.

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- 5. A school district that sponsors a charter school is not eligible to include the charter school pupils in its student count for the purpose of computing an increase in its capital outlay revenue limit as provided in section 15-961, subsection C, except that if the charter school was previously a school in the district, the district may include in its student count any charter school pupils who were enrolled in the school district in the prior year.
- 6. A school district that sponsors a charter school is not eligible to include the charter school pupils in its student count for the purpose of computing the revenue control limit which is used to determine the maximum budget increase as provided in chapter 4, article 4 of this title unless the charter school is located within the boundaries of the school district.
- 7. If a school district converts one or more of its district public schools to a charter school and receives assistance as prescribed in subsection B, paragraph 4 of this section, and subsequently converts the charter school back to a district public school, the school district shall repay the state the total additional assistance received for the charter school for all years that the charter school was in operation. The repayment shall be in one lump sum and shall be reduced from the school district's current year equalization assistance. The school district's general budget limit shall be reduced by the same lump sum amount in the current year.
- B. Financial provisions for a charter school that is sponsored by the state board of education or the state board for charter schools are as follows:
- 1. The charter school shall calculate a base support level as prescribed in section 15-943, except that sections 15-941 and 15-942 do not apply to these charter schools.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1 of this subsection, the student count shall be determined initially using an estimated student count based on actual registration of pupils before the beginning of the school year. After the first one hundred days or two hundred days in session, as applicable, the charter school shall revise the student count to be equal to the actual average daily membership, as defined in section 15-901, or the adjusted average daily membership, as prescribed in section 15-902, of the charter Before the one hundredth day or two hundredth day in session, as applicable, the state board of education or the state board for charter schools may require a charter school to report periodically regarding pupil enrollment and attendance and the department of education may revise its computation of equalization assistance based on the report. A charter school shall revise its student count, base support level and additional assistance before May 15. A charter school that overestimated its student count shall revise its budget before May 15. A charter school that underestimated its student count may revise its budget before May 15.

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- 3. A charter school may utilize section 15-855 for the purposes of this section. The charter school and the department of education shall prescribe procedures for determining average daily attendance and average daily membership.
- 4. Equalization assistance for the charter school shall be determined by adding the amount of the base support level and additional assistance. The amount of the additional assistance is one thousand four hundred forty-five dollars twenty-five cents per student count in kindergarten programs and grades one through eight and one thousand six hundred eighty-four dollars forty-one cents per student count in grades nine through twelve.
- 5. The state board of education shall apportion state aid from the appropriations made for such purposes to the state treasurer for disbursement to the charter schools in each county in an amount as determined by this paragraph. The apportionments shall be made in twelve equal installments of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year on the fifteenth day of each month of the fiscal year.
- 6. Notwithstanding paragraph 5 of this subsection, if sufficient appropriated monies are available after the first forty days in session of the current year, a charter school may request additional state monies to fund the increased state aid due to anticipated student growth through the first one hundred days or two hundred days in session, as applicable, of the current year as provided in section 15-948. In no event shall a charter school have received more than three-fourths of its total apportionment before April 15 of the fiscal year. Early payments pursuant to this subsection must be approved by the state treasurer, the director of the department of administration and the superintendent of public instruction.
- 7. The charter school shall not charge tuition, levy taxes or issue bonds.
- 8. Not later than noon on the day preceding each apportionment date established by paragraph 5 of this subsection, the superintendent of public instruction shall furnish to the state treasurer an abstract of the apportionment and shall certify the apportionment to the department of administration, which shall draw its warrant in favor of the charter schools for the amount apportioned.
- C. If a pupil is enrolled in both a charter school and a public school that is not a charter school, the sum of the daily membership, which includes enrollment as prescribed in section 15-901, subsection A, paragraph 2, subdivisions (a) and (b) and daily attendance as prescribed in section 15-901, subsection A, paragraph 6, for that pupil in the school district and the charter school shall not exceed 1.0, except that if the pupil is enrolled in both a charter school and a joint technological education district and resides within the boundaries of a school district participating in the joint technological education district, the sum of the average daily membership for that pupil in the charter school and the joint technological education

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district shall not exceed 1.25. If a pupil is enrolled in both a charter school and a public school that is not a charter school, the department of education shall direct the average daily membership to the school with the most recent enrollment date. Upon validation of actual enrollment in both a charter school and a public school that is not a charter school and if the sum of the daily membership or daily attendance for that pupil is greater than 1.0, the sum shall be reduced to 1.0 and shall be apportioned between the public school and the charter school based on the percentage of total time that the pupil is enrolled or in attendance in the public school and the charter school, except that if the pupil is enrolled in both a charter school and a joint technological education district and resides within the boundaries of a school district participating in the joint technological education district, the sum of the average daily membership for that pupil in the charter school and the joint technological education district shall be reduced to 1.25 and shall be apportioned between the charter school and the joint technological education district based on the percentage of total time that the pupil is enrolled or in attendance in the charter school and the joint technological education district. The uniform system of financial records shall include guidelines for the apportionment of the pupil enrollment and attendance as provided in this section.

- D. Charter schools are allowed to accept grants and gifts to supplement their state funding, but it is not the intent of the charter school law to require taxpayers to pay twice to educate the same pupils. The base support level for a charter school or for a school district sponsoring a charter school shall be reduced by an amount equal to the total amount of monies received by a charter school from a federal or state agency if the federal or state monies are intended for the basic maintenance and operations of the school. The superintendent of public instruction shall estimate the amount of the reduction for the budget year and shall revise the reduction to reflect the actual amount before May 15 of the current year. If the reduction results in a negative amount, the negative amount shall be used in computing all budget limits and equalization assistance, except that:
  - 1. Equalization assistance shall not be less than zero.
- 2. For a charter school sponsored by the state board of education or the state board for charter schools, the total of the base support level, the capital outlay revenue limit, the soft capital allocation and the additional assistance shall not be less than zero.
- 3. For a charter school sponsored by a school district, the base support level for the school district shall not be reduced by more than the amount that the charter school increased the district's base support level, capital outlay revenue limit and soft capital allocation.
- E. If a charter school was a district public school in the prior year and is now being operated for or by the same school district and sponsored by the state board of education, the state board for charter schools or a school district governing board, the reduction in subsection D of this section

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applies. The reduction to the base support level of the charter school or the sponsoring district of the charter school shall equal the sum of the base support level and the additional assistance received in the current year for those pupils who were enrolled in the traditional public school in the prior year and are now enrolled in the charter school in the current year.

- F. Equalization assistance for charter schools shall be provided as a single amount based on average daily membership without categorical distinctions between maintenance and operations or capital.
- G. At the request of a charter school, the county school superintendent of the county where the charter school is located may provide the same educational services to the charter school as prescribed in section 15-308, subsection A. The county school superintendent may charge a fee to recover costs for providing educational services to charter schools.
- H. If the sponsor of the charter school determines at a public meeting that the charter school is not in compliance with federal law, with the laws of this state or with its charter, the sponsor of a charter school may submit a request to the department of education to withhold up to ten per cent of the monthly apportionment of state aid that would otherwise be due the charter school. The department of education shall adjust the charter school's apportionment accordingly. The sponsor shall provide written notice to the charter school at least seventy-two hours before the meeting and shall allow the charter school to respond to the allegations of noncompliance at the meeting before the sponsor makes a final determination to notify the department of education of noncompliance. The charter school shall submit a corrective action plan to the sponsor on a date specified by the sponsor at the meeting. The corrective action plan shall be designed to correct deficiencies at the charter school and to ensure that the charter school promptly returns to compliance. When the sponsor determines that the charter school is in compliance, the department of education shall restore the full amount of state aid payments to the charter school.
- I. In addition to the withholding of state aid payments pursuant to subsection H of this section, the sponsor of a charter school may impose a civil penalty of one thousand dollars per occurrence if a charter school fails to comply with the fingerprinting requirements prescribed in section 15-183, subsection C or section 15-512. The sponsor of a charter school shall not impose a civil penalty if it is the first time that a charter school is out of compliance with the fingerprinting requirements and if the charter school provides proof within forty-eight hours of written notification that an application for the appropriate fingerprint check has been received by the department of public safety. The sponsor of the charter school shall obtain proof that the charter school has been notified and the notification shall identify the date of the deadline and shall be signed by both parties. The sponsor of a charter school shall automatically impose a civil penalty of one thousand dollars per occurrence if the sponsor determines that the charter school subsequently violates the fingerprinting

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requirements. Civil penalties pursuant to this section SUBSECTION shall be assessed by requesting the department of education to reduce the amount of state aid that the charter school would otherwise receive by an amount equal to the civil penalty. The amount of state aid withheld shall revert to the state general fund at the end of the fiscal year.

- J. A charter school may receive and spend monies distributed by the department of education pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection E and section 37-521, subsection B.
- K. IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT TRANSPORTS OR CONTRACTS TO TRANSPORT PUPILS TO THE ARIZONA STATE SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND DURING ANY FISCAL YEAR, THE SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY TRANSPORT OR CONTRACT WITH A CHARTER SCHOOL TO TRANSPORT SENSORY IMPAIRED PUPILS DURING THAT SAME FISCAL YEAR TO A CHARTER SCHOOL IF REQUESTED BY THE PARENT OF THE PUPIL AND IF THE DISTANCE FROM THE PUPIL'S PLACE OF ACTUAL RESIDENCE WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO THE CHARTER SCHOOL IS LESS THAN THE DISTANCE FROM THE PUPIL'S PLACE OF ACTUAL RESIDENCE WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO THE CAMPUS OF THE ARIZONA STATE SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND.
  - K. L. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Monies intended for the basic maintenance and operations of the school" means monies intended to provide support for the educational program of the school, except that it does not include supplemental assistance for a specific purpose or P.L. 81-874 monies. The auditor general shall determine which federal or state monies meet the definition in this paragraph.
- 2. "Operated for or by the same school district" means the charter school is either governed by the same district governing board or operated by the district in the same manner as other traditional schools in the district or is operated by an independent party that has a contract with the school district. The auditor general and the department of education shall determine which charter schools meet the definition in this subsection.
  - Sec. 2. <u>Delayed repeal</u>

Section 15-1326, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed from and after June 30, 2009.

Sec. 3. Title 15, chapter 11, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section 15-1326, to read:

15-1326. <u>Probationary period for teachers</u>

THE PROBATIONARY PERIOD FOR TEACHERS EMPLOYED BY THE ARIZONA STATE SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND SHALL BE TWO YEARS FROM THE FIRST DAY OF EMPLOYMENT.

Sec. 4. Section 41-763.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-763.01. Annual report and recommendation

- A. The director shall prepare a report on state personnel and the operation of the state personnel system.
  - B. The report shall include:

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- 1. Information concerning all state employees, including employees of all executive, legislative and judicial branch agencies. All agencies shall provide any information requested by the director to prepare the annual report.
- 2. Information concerning the number of employees affected by and reasons for turnover within state service.
- 3. Information concerning the compensation during the preceding year and the coming year of state employees and the compensation of other public employees and private employees.
- 4. An advisory recommendation on the salary plan and adjustments to the plan for employees in state service. In establishing the salary plan, the director shall consider the relative levels of duties and responsibilities of the various classes of positions, rates paid for comparable positions elsewhere and other relevant factors.
- 5. An advisory recommendation for all positions that have been exempted from covered service pursuant to section 41-771. Salary recommendations shall not be required for elected officials. The director shall make advisory salary recommendations for specific positions in the governor's office, the legislature and the courts if requested by the respective administrative heads of these units of state government.
- 6. The overtime pay requirements of all state agencies, except those agencies excluded by section 41-771.
  - 7. Other information as determined by the director.
- C. The annual report and recommendations shall be presented to the governor and the legislature on or before September 1 of each year.
- D. Notwithstanding section 41-771, the Arizona board of regents, the department of public safety. AND the judicial department and the Arizona state schools for the deaf and blind shall prepare and submit an annual report on their personnel as prescribed in this section. The report shall include:
- 1. Information concerning the number of employees affected by and reasons for turnover of their employees.
- 2. Information concerning the compensation during the preceding year and the coming year of their employees and the compensation of other public employees and private employees.
- 3. An advisory recommendation on the salary plan and adjustments for their employees. In establishing the salary plan, they shall consider the relative levels of duties and responsibilities of the various classes of positions, rates paid for comparable positions elsewhere and other relevant factors.
  - 4. Their overtime pay requirements.
  - Sec. 5. Section 41-771, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-771. Exemptions
  - A. This article and article 6 of this chapter do not apply to:
  - 1. Elected state officers.

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- 2. State officers and members of boards and commissions who are appointed by the legislature or the governor, the employees of the governor's office, the employees of the Arizona legislative council and the employees of the supreme court and the court of appeals.
- 3. State officers and employees who are appointed or employed by the legislature or either house of the legislature.
- 4. The curator, curatorial aides and tour guides and any other person who is employed to work in the state capitol museum.
- 5. Officers or employees of state universities and personnel of the Arizona state schools for the deaf and the blind.
  - 6. Patients or inmates who are employed in state institutions.
  - 7. Officers and enlisted personnel of the national guard of Arizona.
- 8. The single administrative or executive director and one deputy director of each state department or agency.
- 9. Not more than two assistants who serve in the office of an elected state officer, if that elected state officer is the sole elected head of the department.
- 10. One administrative assistant who serves a board or commission elected to head a state agency, department or division, and one assistant for each elected member of such a board or commission.
  - 11. Persons who report directly to the governor.
- 12. Employees of the department of emergency and military affairs who occupy Arizona national guard positions identified as mobilization assets.
- 13. Except as otherwise required by federal law and except for certified peace officers as defined in section 38-842, correctional officers and juvenile correctional officers, state officers and employees who are appointed or employed after December 31, 2006 and who are at a pay grade of twenty-four or above.
  - 14. Any other position exempted by law.
- B. Except for section 41-772, subsections D, E and F, this article and article 6 of this chapter do not apply to those positions determined by the director to meet any of the following criteria:
- 1. Top level positions in a department or agency that determine and publicly advocate substantive program policy. This includes those persons who are engaged in the direction of line operations if they report directly to the director or deputy director of the agency and in large multiprogram agencies those persons who report directly to the head of a primary component of the department or agency.
- 2. Those persons who are required to maintain a direct confidential working relationship with an exempt official.
  - 3. Persons who provide legal counsel.
  - 4. Positions that are part time.
- 5. Positions that are temporary and that are established for the purpose of conducting a special project, study or investigation.
  - 6. Positions that are essentially for rehabilitation purposes.

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indirectly engaged in establishing policy or enforcement standards.

8. Directors of all institutions that maintain supervision or care on a twenty-four hour per day basis other than halfway houses or group homes.

Sec. 6. Conditional enactment: effective date: notice A. Section 2 of this act, section 15-1326, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, and sections 41-763.01 and 41-771, Arizona Revised

Statutes, as amended by this act, are effective from and after June 30, 2009 only if before July 1, 2009 the legislature appropriates sufficient monies to

the department of administration to fund the provisions of this act. B. The director of the department of administration shall notify in

writing the director of the Arizona legislative council of the date on which

the condition is met or if the condition is not met.

PPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 15, 2008.

FILE IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 15, 2008.

7. Positions that are determined by the director to be directly or